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March 13, 2025

SFY 2025-26 Tax Budget Summary Comparison of Executive Budget to Senate/Assembly One-House Budget Bills

Location in Budget Revenue Art 7	Proposal	Description of Executive Proposal	Executive Proposal Savings/Costs	Assembly One House	Senate One House
Part A	Inflation Refund	Specifically, taxpayers who filed 2023 resident tax returns as married filing jointly or qualifying surviving spouse, and whose 2023 New York adjusted gross income was \$300,000 or less, would receive a \$500 credit in 2025. Taxpayers who filed 2023 resident tax returns as single, married filing separately, or head of household, and whose 2023 New York adjusted gross income was \$150,000 or less, would receive a \$300 credit in 2025.	Decrease All Funds revenue by \$3.08 billion in FY 2026.	Accepts	Modifies to enact a one-time Senior Inflation Refund Credit – Spreads over three years (income limits under \$150,000 single/\$300,000 married)

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Part B	Middle-class tax cut and extend the temporary PIT high income surcharge for five years.	The bill would reduce the tax rates paid by married couples with incomes up to \$323,200 who file jointly, for heads of households with incomes up to \$269,300, and for single taxpayers and married taxpayers who file separately with incomes up to \$215,400. The tax rates would be reduced in two phases: an initial rate cut applicable for tax year 2025 and a second rate cut beginning in tax year 2026. Chapter 59 of the Laws of 2022 phased out the PIT temporary highincome surcharge for tax years beginning after 2027. This bill would extend the surcharge through tax year 2032.	All funds revenue will be reduced by \$458 million in FY 2026, \$1.115 billion in FY 2027, \$35 million in FY 2028, and increased by \$2.56 billion in FY 2029 and \$3.972 billion in FY 2030.	Modifies to provide a phased-in 0.2 percent tax cut for certain taxpayers with incomes below \$323,200, to instead provide an immediate 1 percent tax cut. Additionally, the Assembly modifies the Executive proposal to extend the current PIT Surcharge for high-income earners for an additional five years, through tax year 2032, by increasing the tax rates on such high-income earners	Modifies to provide middle-class tax cut and extends PIT surcharge for 5 years increasing the top tax by .05 percent.
Part C	Enhance the Empire State Child Credit by expanding credit eligibility and increasing the credit amounts allowed for tax	Increase the Empire State Child Credits allowed for tax years 2025, 2026, and 2027. Specifically, a taxpayer would be allowed a refundable credit of \$1,000 for each qualifying child under the age of four in tax years 2025, 2026 and 2027. Additionally, a taxpayer would be allowed a refundable	Decrease All Funds revenue by \$471 million in FY 2026 and \$825 million in FY 2027 and FY 2028.	Modifies the Executive proposal to provide a three- year phased-in enhancement to the Child Tax Credit, to instead provide the full	Replaces with a Working Families Tax Credit (S.2082) and adds language increasing the Earned Income Tax Credit for single adults.

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	years 2025, 2026, and 2027.	credit of \$330 for each qualifying child who is four years of age and not yet age seventeen in 2025, and \$500 for each such qualifying child in 2026 and 2027. This bill would also expand eligibility to additional taxpayers in tax years 2025, 2026, and 2027.		benefits immediately for Tax Year 2025.	
Part D	Increase the State Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (SLIHC) statewide allocation limit for each year from 2025 through 2029, doubling the amount of the year-over-year increases as compared with the prior multi-year SLIHC allocation law. It further clarifies that refunded bonds can be paired with SLIHC at the same 9% rate as certain federal low- income housing tax credits.	Laws of 2021 and 2022 increased the SLIHC statewide allocation limit by \$15 million for each year from 2022 to 2025. This bill doubles those increases for each year from 2025 through 2029, raising the allocation increase to \$30 million per year through 2029. This bill further clarifies that refunded bonds can be paired with SLIHC at the same 9% rate as certain federal low-income housing tax credits.	Reduce Financial Plan revenues by \$15 million in FY 2027, \$45 million in FY 2028, \$75 million in FY 2029, and \$105 million in FY 2030.	Accepts	Accepts

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PART E	Allow taxpayers to transfer state historic tax credits to other taxpayers when approved by the Office of Parks, Recreation, and Historic Preservation ("NYS Parks") and remove geographic limitations for the location of affordable housing projects supported by the state historic tax credit.	Would amend the sections of the Tax Law where these requirements appear to allow the recipient of the state historic tax credit to transfer the credit, in whole or in part, to another person or entity so long as such transfer is approved by the NYS Parks Commissioner, regardless of how the federal credit is allocated. This bill would also exempt from the law's census tract limitations any affordable housing project subject to at least a thirty-year regulatory agreement, in addition to the existing exemption for projects located within land under NYS Parks' jurisdiction.	No impact	Modifies to include annual reporting requirements.	Amends to replace transferability language with (S.2124) and expands the use of the credit for affordable housing.
PART F	Waiting Period Restriction and Limit Deductions on Institutional Real Estate Investors	This bill would prohibit certain institutional investors from seeking to buy a single- or two-family home unless it has been on the market for at least 75 days and would prohibit institutional investors from claiming interest and depreciation deductions with regard to one- and two-family homes.	Increase annual business tax revenue by \$6 million in FY 2027, 2028, and 2029	Modifies by increasing the waiting period from 75 days to 90 days; decreases the threshold as to what constitutes an institutional real estate investor to \$5 million; adds language to ensure LLCs are captured along with any subsidiaries of	Imposes a waiting period restriction and a limit on deductions on institutional real estate investors by including clarifying language that mortgage is not captured

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				institutional real estate investors; requires the Attorney General to receive compliance forms and provide that forms shall be filed with the county clerk's office upon completion of the sale; establishes a 10% fee of the final purchase price; and provides that when the Department of State adopts a cease and desist zone applicable to real estate sales solicitations, all owners of residential real property located in the zone shall be placed on the Cease and Desist list with an option to opt-out of such list.	
PART G	Create a new statewide economic development program, the	Small businesses participating in CATALIST NY would gain a competitive advantage in job creation by offering reduced personal income tax rates to their	No impact	Omits	Omits

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	Companies Attracting Talent to Advance Leading Innovations and Scale Technologies in New York Program, to be known as the "CATALIST NY Program	new hires, supporting their growth during crucial expansion phases			
PART H	Extend and Amend the Excelsior Jobs Program	Extend the existing excelsior jobs program for ten years, from 2029 to 2039. Additionally, this bill would provide for enhancements to the program to (1) provide for enhanced excelsior benefits for semiconductor supply chain businesses; (2) create two new programs known as the semiconductor research and development project program and the semiconductor manufacturing workforce training incentive program; (3) extends the existing excelsior jobs program; and (4) sunsets the employee training incentive program	No impact	Modifies the Executive proposal by: • extending the program for five years instead of ten; • rejecting the language to establish a new Semiconductor Manufacturing Workforce Training program, and instead maintain, and include semiconductor manufacturing projects, in the	Shortens the program to 5 years, requires a job plan for new semiconductor research programs, expands training and reporting requirements, and extends the credit period for business using the Jobs Retention Tax Credit Program.

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				existing Employee Training Incentive program; • add additional eligibility requirements for a semiconductor supply chain project and a semiconductor manufacturing project; and • clarify that a certain amount of jobs must be maintained under the Jobs Retention Tax Credit Program.	
PART I	Extend and Amend the Film Tax Credit	For initial applications submitted after January 1, 2025, the existing payout tier structure will be eliminated. The bill establishes a new "production plus" initiative designed to attract recurring business and multiple productions to New York State. Further, the bill removes some restrictions on the above-the-line cost caps in the film production program and modifies	Decrease business tax revenue by \$111 million in FY 2027, \$115 million in FY 2028, and \$115 million in FY 2029	Modifies by not including the proposal to allow above-the-line expenses to be calculated within the post-production credit, as well as the language to mandate a 6.85% withholding tax requirement on	Modifies by rejecting changes regarding loan-out companies, rejecting including above-the- line expenses in the post-production program, accepting a new program for independent films but limiting it to

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PART J	Make a Technical	the criteria for qualified independent film production companies. It introduces a formal definition for loan out companies and mandates a 6.85% withholding requirement on all payments made to these entities. In defining "independently owned,"	No impact	all payments made to a loan-out company. Accepts	actually independent products, and includes language to encourage the use of New York musicians in scoring films. Omits
	Change to the Newspaper and Broadcast Media Jobs Program	last year's bill erroneously restricted the credit so that parent, subsidiary, and affiliate companies were all subject to one credit limitation. For example, if a parent corporation had 3 subsidiaries, the \$300,000 credit cap under COM § 495(3) would apply to the parent and all subsidiaries as a whole; each subsidiary would not be eligible for its own \$300,000 credit cap			
PART K	Amend the Digital Gaming Media Production Credit Program	This bill would provide that any unused amount of the empire state digital gaming media production credit allocated for a given year would be carried over and added to the aggregate amount of credits allowed in subsequent years.	No impact	Accepts	Amends to change eligibility criteria
PART L	Extend the New York City Musical and Theatrical Production Credit for Two Years	This bill would extend the New York City musical and theatrical production credit for two years through tax year 2027 and increase the aggregate available under the program for the next two years by \$100 million.	No impact in FY 2026 or 2027, but would decrease business tax revenue by \$50 million in FY 2028	Accepts	Extends for 2 years

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			and \$50 million in FY 2029		
PART M	Clarify Taxpayer Notification and Protest Rights	This bill would amend the Tax Law to clarify that the protest rights afforded to taxpayers are the same whether the taxpayer is informed via electronic communications or mailed communications.	No impact	Accepts	Accepts
PART N	Improve the Tax Warrant Process	This bill would amend the Tax Law to authorize the Tax Department to file all tax warrants and warrant-related records at the Department of State (DOS) to effect liens and judgments against the real, personal, and other property of tax debtors, while requiring the Tax Department to file a copy of any warrant and/or warrant-related records with the clerk of the county named in the warrant.	No impact	Accepts	Accepts
PART O	Simplify the STAR Income Definition	This bill would simplify the income and age eligibility rules for the STAR exemption and STAR credit programs. The bill would also make eligibility determinations, and the process to protest those determinations, consistent for all variations of the STAR program	Increase Financial Plan costs by \$9 million starting in FY 2027.	Accepts	Accepts
PART P	Eliminate Duplicative IDA Sales Tax Exemption	This bill would eliminate the requirement for agents and project operators appointed by Industrial Development Agencies and	No impact	Omits	Omits

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	Reporting Requirement	Authorities (IDAs) to file form ST-340, Annual Report of Sales and Use Tax Exemptions Claimed by Agent/Project Operator of Industrial Development Agency/Authority (IDA) with the Tax Department.			
PART Q	Enact Pass Through Entity Tax Flexibility	This bill would change the deadline for qualifying entities to elect to pay the Pass-Through Entity Tax (PTET) and the New York City Pass-Through Entity Tax (NYC PTET) from March 15th to September 15th of a given tax year. The bill would also make corresponding changes to the estimated payment deadlines.	Decrease business tax revenue by \$3.045 billion in FY 2026	Omits	Omits
PART R	Increase the Article 9-A Estimated Tax Threshold	This bill would increase the threshold at which corporation tax filers are required to make estimated tax payments, from \$1,000 to \$5,000.	Decrease business tax revenue by \$84 million in FY 2026 and \$144 million in FY 2027	Modifies to clarify that this would apply to tax years beginning 1/1/2026	Accepts
PART S	This bill would create an organ donation tax credit for taxpayers that, while living, donate one or more human organs for human organ transplantation.	This bill would create an organ donation tax credit and would allow full-year resident taxpayers a refundable tax credit for unreimbursed expenses related to the transplant including: (i) travel expenses; (ii) lodging expenses; and (iii) lost wages, not to exceed \$10,000, in the tax year in which the living human organ transplantation occurs.	No impact in FY 2026, but would decrease annual business tax revenue by \$1 million in FY 2027, FY 2028, and FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts

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PART T	Make Permanent the Estate Tax Three-Year Gift Addback Rule	make permanent the provision that requires gifts that are taxable for federal gift tax purposes and are made within three years of an individual's date of death to be included when calculating the decedent's New York gross estate.	No impact	Modifies to instead extend such provisions for six years.	Modifies to include language making add-backs deductibles debt for federal estate purposes
PART U	Expand the Credit for Employment of Persons with Disabilities	This bill would increase the available tax credit for employers who employ persons with disabilities.	No impact in FY 2026, but would decrease annual business tax revenue by \$2 million in FY 2027, FY 2028, and FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts
PART V	Reporting of Federal Partnership Adjustments	This bill would amend the Tax Law to establish reporting requirements for federal partnership audit changes and administrative adjustment requests made pursuant to the federal centralized partnership audit regime established by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015.	No impact	Modifies by making a technical clarification	Omits
PART W	Eliminate NYC PIT for Certain Filers	This bill would amend the Tax Law, establishing a credit against the tax on the personal income of certain NYC residents.	Would not affect All Funds revenue	Accepts	Accepts
PART X	Amend the NYC Relocation and Employment Assistance Program	This bill would amend the General City Law, enabling New York City to raise tax revenue. It would also amend the Administrative Code of the City of New York to authorize	No impact	Omits	Omits

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		credits for relocation and employment assistance and make available relocation assistance credits per employees.			
PART Y	Extend the Clean Heating Fuel Credit for Three Years	The bill would extend the clean heating fuel credit available to taxpayers under Articles 9, 9-A, and 22 of the Tax Law for purchases of bioheating fuel for residential purposes before January 1, 2029. The credit is equal to \$.01 per percent of the biodiesel fuel, not to exceed 20 cents per gallon, purchased by the taxpayer.	No impact in FY 2026 or 2027, but would decrease business tax revenue by \$5 million in FY 2028 and \$5 million in FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts
PART Z	Extend the Alternative Fuels and Electric Vehicle Recharging Property Credit for Three Years	This bill would allow taxpayers under Articles 9, 9-A, and 22 of the Tax Law to continue to be eligible for a credit for alternative fuel vehicle refueling and electric vehicle recharging property placed in service through tax years beginning before January 1, 2029.	No impact in FY 2026 or 2027, but would decrease business tax revenue by \$3 million in FY 2028 and \$3 million in FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts

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PART AA	Extend the Sales Tax Vending Machine Exemption for One Year	Currently, purchases of up to \$1.50 of certain food or drink items from vending machines that accept only coin or currency are exempt from sales tax. Such sales from vending machines that are capable of accepting payment in a form other than coin or currency ("cashless" machines) are exempt if the sale price is \$2.00 or less, regardless of whether that vending machine also accepts coin or currency. This bill would extend the current exemption through May 31, 2026.	Decrease business tax revenue by \$8 million in FY 2026 and \$2 million in FY 2027	Accepts	Accepts
PART BB	Extend the Workers with Disabilities Tax Credit for Three Years	This bill would extend the workers with disabilities tax credit for an additional three years through tax year 2028. The credit provides tax incentives to qualified employers for employment of persons with disabilities. The tax credit is currently available through tax year 2025.	No impact in FY 2026 or 2027, but would decrease business tax revenue by \$1 million in FY 2028 and \$1 million in FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts
PART CC	Extend the Hire a Vet Credit for Three Years	This bill would extend the hire a vet tax credit provided to taxpayers under Articles 9, 9-A, and 22 for hiring qualified veterans for an additional three years. The credit would be available through tax years beginning before January 1, 2029, for veterans who begin employment before January 1, 2028	No impact in FY 2026 or 2027, but would decrease business tax revenue by \$1 million in FY 2028 and \$1 million in FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts

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PART DD	Extend the Musical and Theatrical Production Credit for Four Years	This bill would extend the musical and theatrical production credit for four years through tax year 2029	No impact in FY 2026 or 2027, but would decrease business tax revenue by \$8 million in FY 2028 and \$8 million in FY 2029	Accepts	Accepts
PART EE	Extend the Financial Institution Data Match System for Five Years	This bill would extend the authority of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance to use the financial institution data match (FIDM) system for collection of fixed and final tax debts for five years.	No impact	Accepts	Accepts
PART FF	Amend and Simplify the Pari- Mutuel Tax Rate Structure	This bill would simplify the existing Pari-Mutuel Tax (PMT) rate structure by addressing the complexities in tax imposition, collection, and remittance, as well as distribution of monies; it would also amend the current archaic breakage rule.	No impact	Modifies by removing language replacing the existing pari-mutuel tax (PMT) structure with a simplified flat tax rate on live racing handle; removes language allowing potential future agreements between racing entities on the distribution of revenues to supersede existing provisions of law;	Modifies by extending the parimutuel tax structure for one year and will study the impact of simplifying the tax structure.

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PART GG	Temporarily Extend the Lowered Casino Slot Tax Rates	This bill would extend the lowered tax rate on slot machine gross gaming revenues for each commercial casino in Zone Two from April 1, 2026 through June 30, 2028, if certain conditions are met.	No impact in FY 2026, but would decrease tax revenue by \$49 million in FY 2027, \$49 million in FY 2028, and \$12 million in FY 2029	establishes that winning bets will be rounded to the nearest five cents; and extends certain PMT provisions for one year. Modifies to instead extend such provisions until June 30, 2031. Additionally, the Assembly includes language to ensure certain conditions are met in order for a licensed gaming facility located in the Tioga County region of zone five to maintain the reduced	Modifies to expire on April 1, 2026
PART HH	Extend Authorized Use of Capital Funds by a Certain Off-track Betting Corporation for One Year	This bill would extend for one additional year the authorized noncapital use of capital acquisition funds by the Capital District Regional Off-Track Betting (OTB) Corporation (the Corporation).	No impact	rate. Accepts	Accepts
PART II	Conduct a Study of Thoroughbred Fetlock Joint Injury Detection	This proposal seeks to fund a longitudinal study by the Cornell University College of Veterinary Medicine of the thoroughbred	Increase All Funds revenue by \$3 million in FY 2026, \$6 million in	Modifies to clarify that upon conclusion of the study, Cornell would own any	Accepts

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	Through	fetlock joint through advanced	FY 2027, \$6	screening and	
	Advanced Imaging	imaging	million in FY	imaging capital	
			2028, and \$3	equipment	
			million in 2029	purchased; clarify	
				that excess money	
				from the study	
				would be deposited	
				into the racing	
				regulation account;	
				require Cornell to	
				release an annual	
				report on the study's	
				findings; specify that the research be	
				conducted locations	
				proximate to	
				Belmont Park and	
				Saratoga racetracks;	
				and specify that the	
				New York Racing	
				Association's	
				(NYRA) expenditure	
				of \$2 million be used	
				for the exclusive	
				purchase of	
				screening and	
				imaging capital	
				equipment	
PART JJ		N/A		The Assembly	The Senate advances
				includes language to	language to extend
				establish a new	the duration of
				NYWTC, beginning	

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				in Tax Year 2026.	certain brownfield
				This new credit	development and
				would	remediation tax
				consolidate the	credits (S.858).
				existing Empire	
				State Child Tax	
				Credit, the state	
				Earned-Income Tax	
				Credit (EITC), and	
				the dependent	
				exemption into one	
				combined credit for	
				most taxpayers. The	
				credit amount would	
				vary based on	
				income, with a	
				maximum credit	
				amount of \$550 in	
				year one, rising to	
				\$1,600 when fully	
				implemented.	
				Additionally, the	
				proposal would: • include children	
				aged 17; • eliminate the	
				earned income	
				requirement	
				under the	
				existing state Child Tax Credit,	
				,	
				allowing lower-	

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				income families to receive a higher benefit; • include taxpayers with an Individual Identification Number (ITIN); and • make the credit advanceable beginning in year four.	
PART KK		N/A		LIFT New York Tax Credit: The Assembly includes language to establish a new personal income tax credit for certain low- and moderate-income New York taxpayers with at least one dependent. This new PIT credit would eliminate New York State PIT liability completely for certain taxpayers with incomes below the "eligibility threshold", which	The Senate advances language increasing the maximum amount of the Geothermal Tax Credit from \$5,000 to \$10,000 (S.4882).

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				would be calculated based on the number of taxpayer's dependents. For taxpayers with dependents who exceed the eligibility threshold by \$5,000 or less, the credit amount would be calculated on a sliding scale	
PART LL		N/A		New York City Renters Tax Credit: The Assembly includes language to establish a new \$275 million personal income tax credit program for certain New York City renters with incomes under \$200,000. The credit would be calculated on a sliding scale, with a maximum amount of \$750.	The Senate advances language ending the sales tax exemption of boats valued above \$230,000 (S.3874)
PART MM		N/A		Clarify Eligibility Under the Farm Worker Overtime Credit: The	The Senate advances language increasing the maximum

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			J	Assembly includes language to ensure certain farm operations that use a third-party entity to handle payroll are eligible for the Farm Worker Overtime Credit	amount of the Residential Solar Tax Credit from \$5,000 to \$10,000 (S.2626)
PART NN		N/A		Increase and Extend Enhanced Article 9- A Tax Rates: The Assembly includes language to extend the current 7.25 percent tax rate for certain corporate franchise taxpayers with a business income base of at least \$5 million for an additional three years, through tax year 2029, and increase such rate to 9.25 percent for certain taxpayers with a business income base of at least \$10	The Senate advances language to decouple the State from the Opportunity Zones tax program (S.3340)

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				million, also through tax year 2029.	
PART OO		N/A		Enhance the Small Business Subtraction Modification: The Assembly includes language to increase the current small business subtraction modification from 15 to 25 percent of net income.	The Senate advances language to allow the Department of Taxation and Finance to enforce the ban on flavored vape products similar to the enforcement of untaxed cigarettes (S.4527)
PART PP		N/A		Small Business Hardship Savings Accounts: The Assembly includes language to allow qualified small businesses with fewer than 25 employees, to make contributions, up to 10 percent of net income, into a tax- deferred savings account. During times of specified economic hardship, these small businesses would be able to withdraw	The Senate advances language to add a tax on non-essential helicopter rides in New York City (S.1140)

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				from the account	
				tax-free for purposes	
				of job retention or	
				creation.	
PART QQ		N/A		Establish the Work	The Senate advances
				Opportunity Tax	language to create a
				Credit (WOTC): The	State match for the
				Assembly includes	Work Opportunity
				language to establish	Tax Credit funded at
				a \$30 million tax	\$5 million per year
				credit program for	(S.2429).
				employers who hire	
				and pay wages to	
				State residents who	
				are members of	
				certain "targeted	
				groups", including	
				veterans, formerly	
				incarcerated	
				individuals, and	
				long-term	
				unemployment	
				recipients.	
				This new program	
				would be in effect	
				for three years,	
				beginning in Tax	
DADTDD		NI/A		Year 2025.	T1 C 4 . 1
PART RR		N/A		Farm Workforce	The Senate advances
				Retention Credit:	language to amend
				The Assembly	the State Historic
				includes language to	Homeowner Tax

	House	House
	extend the Farm	Credit to include
	Workforce Retention	certain homes that
	Credit for three	were previously
	years, from January	eligible in census
	1, 2026 until January	tracts that are no
	1, 2029.	longer eligible for
		the credit (S.405).
PART SS N/A	Establish a	The Senate advances
	Commercial Energy	language to raise the
	Storage Systems	corporate franchise
	Sales Tax	tax rate for
	Exemption: The	businesses with over
	Assembly includes	\$5 million in income
	language to exempt	to 9 percent for five
	commercial energy	years, based on
	storage systems from	S.3943.
	the State's four	
	percent sales tax for	
	two years, beginning	
	June 1, 2025. To	
	maintain conformity,	
	the proposal would also extend the	
	existing residential	
	energy storage	
	systems sales tax exemption for an	
	additional year, until	
	June 1, 2027.	
PART TT N/A	Cannabis Processor	The Senate advances
	Annual Tax Filing:	language imposing a
	The Assembly	tax on single-family

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				includes language to allow cannabis processors the option to file annual sales tax returns, instead of quarterly returns under current law.	homes owned by institutional investors (S.1572).
PART UU		N/A		Vapor Products Wholesale Tax: The Assembly includes language to impose a 20 percent tax on the wholesale price of vapor products at the distributor level, which would replace the current 20 percent tax rate at the retail level. The proposal would also provide the Department of Taxation and Finance with expanded enforcement authority relating to vapor products	The Senate advances language to allow professional employer organizations to claim the farm employer overtime tax credit (S.3961).

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PART VV		N/A		Enhance the Residential Solar Tax Credit: The Assembly includes language to increase the current max credit amount allowed under the residential solar tax credit program from \$5,000 to \$10,000, and provide that the credit would be fully refundable for certain low- and moderate-income households.	The Senate advances language to extend the Farm Workforce Employee Retention Tax Credit for an additional five years.
PART WW		N/A		Pass-Through Manufacturer Tax Parity: The Assembly includes language to eliminate the income tax on distributions made to shareholders of certain pass- through corporations.	The Senate advances language to establish an Unemployment Insurance tax credit for businesses with fifty or fewer employees for their additional per employee costs due to the unpaid Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund debt in the form of a tax credit

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					equal to \$215 per employee.
PART XX		N/A		Western OTB Tax Rate: The Assembly includes language to reduce the current tax rate on net win for the Batavia Down Video Lottery Terminal (VLT) facility	The Senate advances language ending a variety of tax breaks for fossil fuel companies (S.3606-A).
PART YY		N/A		Increase Real Estate Transfer Tax (RETT) into the Environmental Protection Fund (EPF): The Assembly includes language to increase the current statutory amount of RETT collections that must be deposited into the EPF, from \$257 million to \$357 million.	Requires 2% of Mobile Sports Tax revenue to be used for problem gambling
PART ZZ		N/A		N/A	The Senate advances language to allow farms to claim the Investment Tax Credit for expenses

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					of building
					farmworker
					housing.
PART AAA		N/A		N/A	Requires Consent of
					Winning Ticket
					Holder to Perform
					Public Actions
PART BBB		N/A		N/A	Amends Sports
					Betting to Include
					Annual Awards or
					Honors of an
					Individual Athlete
PART CCC		N/A		N/A	The Senate advances
					language to establish
					a \$1,000 deduction
					for educator
					expenses.